



SUMMITGOLD

LIMITED

A.C.N. 141 677 385

ANNUAL REPORT

30 June 2025

Contents

Corporate Directory	3
Directors' Report	4
Independent Auditor's Report	10
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	11
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	12
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	13
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	15
Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement	36
Directors' Declaration	37

Corporate Directory

Current Directors

Jonathon Edwards

Executive Director

Registered Office

Address: Level 12, 197 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Telephone: +61 (0)8 6458 4200

Website: www.summitgold.com.au

Share Registry

Automatic Registry Services

Address: Level 5, 191 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Telephone: 1300 288 664 (within Australia)
+61 (0)2 9698 5414 (outside Australia)

Facsimile: +61 (0)2 8583 3040

Auditors

Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd

Address: 283 Rokeby Road
Subiaco WA 6008

Telephone: +61 (0)8 9426 0666

Companies in the Economic Entity

Summit Gold Limited ACN 141 677 385

A.C.N. 648 929 659 Limited ACN 648 929 659

Summit Development Limited PNG company number 1-73895

Positive Development Limited PNG company number 1-74916

Directors' Report

Your Directors present their report on Summit Gold Limited (Summit or the Company) and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its controlled entities (the Group) for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

DIRECTORS

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

- Brian Rodan Executive Chairman (resigned 11 August 2025)
- Jonathon Edwards Executive Director
- David Nixon Non-Executive Director (resigned 7 February 2025)
- Adam Taylor Non-Executive Director (resigned 18 August 2025)
- James Pearse Non-Executive Director (appointed 11 August 2025, resigned 12 August 2025)

Directors have been in office from the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated. For additional information on Directors, including details of the qualifications of Directors, please refer to the paragraph 'Information relating to the directors' of this Directors' Report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

- Sebastian (resigned 18 August 2025)
 Andre
 Qualifications ☐ BAcc/BA, GradDip Fin, FGIA
 Experience ☐ Mr Andre is a Chartered Secretary with over 10 years' experience in corporate advisory, governance and risk services. He has previously acted as an adviser at the ASX and has a thorough understanding of the ASX Listing Rules, specialising in providing advice to companies and their boards in respect to capital raisings, IPOs, backdoor listings, corporate compliance and governance matters. Mr Andre holds qualifications in accounting, finance and corporate governance and is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia.

- Damian Hicks (appointed 19 August 2025)
 Qualifications ☐ BCom, GradDip Fin, GradDip CoSec
 Experience ☐ Mr Hicks holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting & Finance) from the University of Western Australia, is admitted as a Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Western Australia, holds a Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance & Investment from FINSIA, a Graduate Diploma in Company Secretarial Practice from Chartered Secretaries Australia, a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors course, and is currently studying geology at Curtin University. Mr Hicks is also the Chairman of a private advisory firm, Corporate Board Services (CBS).

- Mindy Ku (appointed 19 August 2025)
 Qualifications ☐ BSc, CPA, FGIA
 Experience ☐ Ms Ku has over 16 years of international experience in financial analysis, financial reporting, management accounting, compliance reporting, board reporting, company secretarial services and office management across multiple jurisdictions (Australia, Malaysia, UK, Sweden, and Norway), including ASX listed companies, public and private companies. Ms Ku holds a Bachelor of Science in Computing from University of Greenwich, United Kingdom, is a Member of Certified Practising Accountant (CPA) Australia and a Fellow member of the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). Ms Ku is also the Managing Director of private advisory firm, CBS.

Directors' Report

DIVIDEND PAID OR RECOMMENDED

No dividends have been paid or declared during the financial year, nor do the directors recommend the declaration of a dividend.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year the principal activities of the Group were working to procure grant of a new exploration licence for the Mt Kare Au - Ag mine in Papua New Guinea to enable the Company to recommence exploration and development of the Project.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

On 17 December 2021 court orders restraining any dealings with the Mt Kare tenements were dissolved enabling the Mineral Resources Authority of PNG (MRA) to commence the new licence round for the Mt Kare Au-Ag Project. MRA had accepted and registered 13 applications from different parties, including Summit's application lodged on 1 March 2016 and numbered EL2447. Summit's application was received and registered fourth in time.

The MRA processes applications in the order they are received. The first in time application is held by GMG Global Mining Group Limited (GMG) and the second in time application is held by Tribune Mt Kare Gold Limited (Tribune). Tribune appealed against the GMG application and on 30 May 2025 the Supreme Court of PNG upheld Tribune's appeal and instructed MRA to remove GMG from the Register of Tenements. GMG has appealed the decision and Summit understands this will be considered soon.

If GMG's appeal is dismissed, Summit will be elevated to third in time behind Tribune and ACM Contract Mining (PNG) Limited (ACM). ACM was owned by former Summit director, Mr Brian Rodan. Mr Rodan sold ACM to Augustus Minerals Limited (ASX: AUG), an ASX listed company of which Mr Rodan is the Chairman and largest shareholder (refer ASX announcements dated 9 May 2025 and 25 June 2025).

There is no guarantee that any of the prior applicants will be granted the licence.

The consolidated entity incurred an operating cash outflow of \$947,548 during the year ended 30 June 2025 (2024 cash outflow: \$309,554). The total loss before tax for the year ended 30 June 2025 was \$782,641 (2024 Loss: \$143,815) and the cash on hand at year end was \$41,950 (2024: \$5,248).

The company successfully raised \$730,000 from professional and sophisticated investors during the financial year.

Future capital raises are planned with the funds raised to go towards:

- Continuing to promote Summit's credentials to the MRA and the national and provincial governments as the applicant best placed to recommence activities at Mt Kare and to complete a definitive feasibility study to support mine development in the first new licence term.
- Continuing to engage with the local Mt Kare landowners to maintain and build support for Summit's plans should it be awarded the new licence.
- Ongoing working capital requirements

Summit retains the strong commitment of its director, the support of key shareholders and ongoing strategic direction provided by its corporate and other external advisers. Subject to grant of EL2447 to Summit, the Company is planning to re-list on the ASX.

Directors' Report

FINANCIAL POSITION

The net liabilities of the consolidated group increased by \$35,693 from \$3,713,460 as at 30 June 2024 to \$3,749,153 as at 30 June 2025.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

Mr Brian Rodan and Mr Adam Taylor resigned as Directors of the Company on 11 August 2025 and 18 August 2025 respectively. Mr James Pearse was appointed as a Director of the Company on 11 August 2025 and resigned on 12 August 2025. Mr Sebastian Andre resigned on 18 August 2025 as Company Secretary.

Mr Damian Hicks and Ms Mindy Ku were appointed joint Company Secretaries on 19 August 2025.

A letter of demand was sent by the sole director of Summit on 19 August 2025 to Augustus Minerals Ltd ('Augustus') in relation to intellectual property and confidential information that is owned by Summit but in the possession of Mr Brian Rodan, a Director of Augustus. Augustus has confirmed that it will not use or disclose the intellectual property and confidential information. Unless Augustus breaches these undertakings then this matter is at an end.

Loan amounts owing at year end to Jonathan Edwards have been settled in full after year end via the issuance of shares in the Company. See Note 10 for further details.

There are no significant events that have arisen after the balance date of these reports that are not mentioned above or covered within the financial statements at Note 19. Events subsequent to reporting date.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Potential developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Directors' Report

Information relating to the directors:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <p>■ Brian Rodan</p> | <p>☐ Executive Chairman (resigned 11 August 2025)</p> |
| <p>Qualifications</p> | <p>☐ Fellow of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (FAusIMM).</p> |
| <p>Experience</p> | <p>☐ Mr Rodan is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (FAusIMM) with 45 years' experience. Previously, Mr Rodan was the managing director and owner of Australian Contract Mining Pty Ltd (ACM), a mid-tier mining contracting company that successfully completed \$1.5 billion worth of work over a 20 year period. ACM was sold to an ASX listed company in 2017. For 15 years, Mr Rodan held various roles with Eltin Limited (including general manager between 1993 and 1996 and executive director between 1996 and 1999), being Australia's largest full service ASX listed contract mining company with annual turnover of \$850 million. Mr Rodan was a founding Director of Dacian Gold Ltd (2013) and Desert Metals Ltd (2020) and the largest shareholder upon listing both companies on the ASX. Mr Rodan is currently a Director of Siren Gold Limited (ASX: SNG), Icen Gold Limited (ASX: ICL) and Augustus Minerals Limited (ASX: AUG).</p> |
| <p>■ Jonathon Edwards</p> | <p>☐ Executive Director</p> |
| <p>Qualifications</p> | <p>☐ Bachelor Degree in Mechanical Engineering.</p> |
| <p>Experience</p> | <p>☐ Mr Edwards has over 40 years' experience in a wide range of position in both the mining and oil and gas sectors. Mr Edwards was the Managing Director and owner of Seatrac Pty Ltd, an oil field services business that had a turnover of \$20 million per annum at the time of sale in 2007 and spent a further five years as the Business Development Manager for the purchaser of Seatrac, Helix Energy Solutions Group. Mr Edwards is currently an active property and share market investor.</p> |
| <p>■ David Nixon</p> | <p>☐ Non-Executive Director (resigned 7 February 2025)</p> |
| <p>Qualifications</p> | <p>☐ BSc (hons) MAusIMM.</p> |
| <p>Experience</p> | <p>☐ Mr Nixon has a BSc Hons in Applied Geology, he has a significant depth of experience as an Exploration Geologist over 25 years, predominantly in gold. His experience covers generative, greenfields & brownfields exploration in Australia, North America, South America & Papua New Guinea. Mr Nixon has worked on orogenic lode gold, VMS, porphyry, epithermal & skarn deposit styles and has held previous roles as Principal Generative Geologist, Registered Exploration Manager, Exploration Superintendent. Mr Nixon previously worked within the Gold Fields Group for 4 years (2017-2020) KCGM JV for 7 years (2010-2016) & Barrick Exploration groups for 13 years (1997-2009). David has been a member of the Exploration teams responsible for the discovery or expansion of the Invincible, Hamlet North, Hidden Secret, Kora, Fairyland, Centenary, Porgera, Wallaby, Mt Charlotte & Fimiston deposits on the Golden Mile, totalling 8Moz Au.</p> |
| <p>■ Adam Taylor</p> | <p>☐ Non-Executive Director (resigned 18 August 2025)</p> |
| <p>Experience</p> | <p>☐ Adam is an experienced CEO heading up a family-owned group of businesses with a history in the civil construction and mining sectors of over 20 years. Adam currently oversees businesses within the Mining, Construction, Waste Management, Dewatering and Infrastructure Maintenance sectors, all currently within Western Australia and with a history of operations in New Zealand and the East Coast of Australia. Adam is currently working on a project to extract end of life mine dewatering pipe from sites and then run through a process of recycling and remanufacture of new stormwater pipe creating a 'circular economy' product. The project integrates three group businesses, mining stakeholders and government departments that can turn mining waste into an engineered and quality approved product that will be distributed Australia wide for use in the civil and plumbing markets. Adam's core skills include Business Management, Strategy Development, Contract Negotiation and the implementation of Innovation throughout a business.</p> |

Directors' Report

Information relating to the directors (continued)

- **James Pearce** ☐ Non-Executive Director (appointed 11 August 2025, resigned 12 August 2025)
- Qualifications ☐ B Comm. LLB .
- Experience ☐ Mr Pearce is an experienced corporate lawyer with over 10 years' experience working for national, international and boutique law firms advising Australian businesses mainly in the mining, oil & gas and technology sectors. He holds Bachelor degrees in both Law and Commerce, majoring in finance.

Meetings of directors

During the financial year the following number of meetings of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the year are stated in the following table:

	Directors Meetings	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Brian Rodan	8	8
Jonathon Edwards	8	8
David Nixon	4	1
Adam Taylor	8	8

Indemnification And Insurance of Directors and Officers

Indemnification

The Company has agreed to indemnify the directors of the Company for any liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

Insurance premiums

The Company paid a premium of \$18,150 (2024: \$18,150) in respect of a contract, applicable to the 2025 financial year, to insure the directors and officers of the Company and its controlled entities against any liability incurred in the course of their duties to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

Options

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, there are no unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option.

No person entitled to exercise an option has participated or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

Shares issued on exercise of options

No shares have been issued upon exercise of options.

Directors' Report

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 10.

This Report of the Directors is signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to s.298 (2) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

JONATHON EDWARDS

Executive Director

Dated this 16th day of October 2025

To the Board of Directors,

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

As lead audit director for the audit of the financial statements of Summit Gold Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours Faithfully



HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD



MICHAEL HILLGROVE CA
Director

Dated this 16th day of October 2025
Perth, Western Australia

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note(s)	CONSOLIDATED GROUP	
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		\$	\$
Revenue			
Interest income	2	394	181
Debts Forgiven	2	301,432	272,682
Total Income		301,826	272,863
Expenses			
Professional fees		(476,660)	(193,122)
Insurance expenses		(47,202)	(39,533)
Travel expenses		(101,512)	(45,410)
Consultancy expenses		(330,604)	(90,689)
Administration expenses		(125,310)	(46,387)
Interest expenses		(3,179)	(1,537)
Total Expenses		(1,084,467)	(416,678)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax from continuing operations		(782,641)	(143,815)
Income tax expense	3(a)	-	-
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from continuing operations		(782,641)	(143,815)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
<i>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>			
Foreign currency translation reserve gains/(losses)	12(a)	226,948	354,408
Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year		226,948	354,408
Total comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year		(555,693)	210,593

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended 30 June 2025

CONSOLIDATED GROUP			
		As at 30 June 2025	As at 30 June 2024
	Note	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	41,950	5,248
Trade and other receivables	7	8,974	9,108
Total Current Assets		50,924	14,356
NON - CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	22,148	26,148
Total Non-Current Assets		22,148	26,148
TOTAL ASSETS		73,072	40,504
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	9	3,357,975	3,753,964
Borrowings	10	464,250	-
Total Current Liabilities		3,822,225	3,753,964
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,822,225	3,753,964
NET LIABILITIES		(3,749,153)	(3,713,460)
EQUITY			
Issued capital	11(a)	136,537,703	136,017,703
Accumulated losses	12(b)	(146,251,338)	(145,468,697)
Reserves	12(a)	5,964,482	5,737,534
TOTAL EQUITY		(3,749,153)	(3,713,460)

The consolidated statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note(s)	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2023		135,562,923	(145,324,882)	5,383,126	(4,378,833)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		-	(143,815)	-	(143,815)
Currency translation differences		-	-	354,408	354,408
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		-	(143,815)	354,408	210,593
<i>Transactions with owners, directly in equity</i>					
Shares issued	11(a)	454,780	-	-	454,780
Balance at 30 June 2024		136,017,703	(145,468,697)	5,737,534	(3,713,460)
 Balance at 1 July 2024		 136,017,703	 (145,468,697)	 5,737,534	 (3,713,460)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		-	(782,641)	-	(782,641)
Currency translation differences		-	-	226,948	226,948
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year		-	(782,641)	226,948	(555,693)
<i>Transactions with owners, directly in equity</i>					
Shares issued	11(a)	520,000	-	-	520,000
Balance at 30 June 2025		136,537,703	(146,251,338)	5,964,482	(3,749,153)

The consolidated statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2025

CONSOLIDATED GROUP			
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	Note	\$	\$
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(947,548)	(309,554)
Net cash used in operating activities	14	(947,548)	(309,554)
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>			
Proceeds from issue of shares	11	520,000	348,500
Proceeds from borrowings		35,496	-
Repayment of borrowings		(35,496)	(34,285)
Loans from related parties	10	464,250	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		984,250	314,215
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		36,702	4,661
Cash at the beginning of the year		5,248	587
Foreign exchange translation difference		-	-
Cash at the end of the year		41,950	5,248

The consolidated statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Summit and Controlled Entities (the “consolidated group” or “Group”). The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Summit, have not been presented within this financial report, as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

Summit is a company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia, whose shares are not publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). The Company was delisted from ASX on 2 May 2018 and is currently an unlisted public company.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Summit at the end of the reporting period and are consistent with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

The financial report of Summit for the year ended 30 June 2025 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 16 October 2025.

(a) Going concern basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The consolidated entity incurred an operating cash outflow of \$947,548 during the year ended 30 June 2025 (2024 cash outflow: \$309,554). The total loss before tax for the year ended 30 June 2025 was \$782,641 (2024: \$143,815) and the cash on hand at year end was \$41,950 (2024: \$5,248).

There is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt over the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern, and therefore whether the Group will realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the ordinary course of business at the amounts recorded in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets carrying amounts, or the amount of liabilities that might result should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern and meet its debts as and when they fall due.

The Directors have prepared forecast cash flow information for the twelve months from the date of this report, taking into account an estimation of the continued costs associated with the application for Exploration Licence EL2447 (Mt Kare). Key to the forecasts are the following relevant judgements:

- The forecast includes material capital raising requirements. Since the effectuation of DOCA date of 19 January 2021 the Company has been successful in obtaining \$3.304m financing through equity raises and are confident that forecast funding can be raised through equity, as such, in the Directors' opinion, the inclusion of these material capital raisings is based on events that they reasonably expect to take place and actions that they reasonably expect to occur;
- The Company intends to raise a further \$1.75m through equity raises in the few months, pending the appointment of a new board;
- The Company has no liability for the pre DOCA creditors totalling \$4.1m recognised in its subsidiary company Summit Development Limited; and
- Operating expenditure of the Group not materially exceeding \$1.1m for the 12-month period ending 30 September 2026.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(a) Going concern basis of preparation (*continued*)

Should the timing or quantum of operating cash flows be significantly different to those forecasts, the Group may need to seek alternative or additional financing to enable it to settle its liabilities as they fall due. Based on these forecasts, the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

(b) New and Amended Accounting Policies Adopted by the Group

The Company has considered the implications of new and amended Accounting Standards applicable to the current financial reporting period.

AASB 2022-5: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

This Standard requires a seller-lessee to subsequently measure lease liabilities arising from a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that does not result in recognition of a gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains.

Adopting the amendment did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 2022-6: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

This Standard clarifies when liabilities should be presented as current or non-current in the statement of financial position, including the impact of covenants on that classification. This Standard requires additional disclosures about the risk that non-current liabilities could become payable within twelve months after the reporting period because of the difficulties with complying with the covenants.

Adopting the amendment did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 2023-1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Supplier Finance Arrangements

This Standard requires the disclosure of information about the Group's supplier finance arrangements and their effects on the Group's liabilities and cash flows.

Adopting the amendment did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

(c) New and Amended Accounting Policies Not Yet Adopted by the Group

AASB18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement

AASB 18 replaces AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements. It will not change the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, but will affect presentation and disclosure in the financial statements, including introducing new categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss, requiring the disclosure of management-defined performance measures, and changing the grouping of information in the financial statements. This Standard will be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(c) New and Amended Accounting Policies Not Yet Adopted by the Group (*continued*)

AASB 2024-2: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Clarification and measurement of financial instruments

This Standard amends AASB 9 *Financial instruments* to introduce an option to derecognise financial liabilities settled through electronic transfer before the settlement date, clarifies how contractual cash flows should be assessed for financial assets with environmental, social and governance (ESG) and similar features, includes additional guidance in respect of non-recourse features and contractually linked instruments and amends specific disclosure requirements.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of adoption of these amendments. The impact is not yet known.

(d) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Summit and its subsidiaries ("the Group").

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has control. The consolidated entity controls an entity when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions, have been eliminated in full. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group.

(e) Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements for the reporting year requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Directors continually evaluate their judgement and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expense. The directors base their judgement and estimates on historical experience and on other various factors they believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The directors have identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results of the financial position reported in future periods.

(f) Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the current and prior periods comprises current income tax expense or income and deferred tax expense or income.

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(f) Income Tax (*continued*)

Current tax liabilities and assets are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to or recovered from the relevant taxation authority. Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense or income is charged or credited outside profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are recognised outside profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability. Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference cannot be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of offset exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities, where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

(g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(h) Foreign Currency Transaction Balances

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of each group entity is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity; otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Group companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date.

- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.
- Retained earnings are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

The translation of foreign operations in the year under review resulted in a gain of \$226,948 mainly due to the strengthening of the PNG Kina against the Australian Dollar.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period. However, where a subsidiary is deconsolidated, the differences are transferred to the retained earnings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(i) Fair value

Fair value of Assets and Liabilities

The Group measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable AASB.

Fair value is the price the Group would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly unforced transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments (excluding those related to share-based payment arrangements) may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.	Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.	Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(i) Fair value (*continued*)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Group selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Group are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- *Market approach*: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- *Income approach*: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- *Cost approach*: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Group gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

(j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Plant and equipment is measured on the cost basis less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(j) Property, Plant and Equipment (*continued*)

The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the consolidated group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated using the method noted below over their useful lives to the economic entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates and method used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Depreciation Method	Depreciation rate
Plant and Equipment	Straight Line	10%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in profit and loss.

(k) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit. Ordinary issued capital bears no special terms or conditions affecting income or capital entitlements of the shareholders.

(l) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(l) Employee Benefits (*continued*)

In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

(m) Share-based Payments

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and spread over the period during which the grantees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest, except where forfeiture is only due to market conditions not being met.

(n) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(o) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(p) Revenue and Other Income

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Included in revenue figures are debts forgiven by creditors during the financial year. Further detail on these amounts can be found in Note 2 Revenue and Other Income and Note 10 Borrowings.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(q) Borrowings

Borrowings consist of loans provided to the Group. All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1: Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information (*continued*)

(r) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Group during the reporting period, which remain unpaid.

(s) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' results are regularly reviewed by the Group's directors to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(t) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Management discusses with the Board the development, selection and disclosure of the Group's critical accounting policies and estimates and the application of these policies and estimates. There are presently no estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Note 2 Revenue and other income

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Other income	394	181
Debts Forgiven	301,432	272,682
	301,826	272,863

During the financial year the Group has written off historical accrued payroll liabilities totalling \$301,432 which were previously recorded in Note 9 Trade Payables – PNG. Based on external advice the Directors are satisfied that these accruals do not represent a current enforceable liability of the Group.

In the 2024 financial year the Group reached agreement with several outstanding creditors to forgive amounts owed by the Group. These amounts totalled \$272,682 and were previously recorded in Note 10 within Trade Payables – Australia.

The above amounts have been recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as Debts Forgiven.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3 Income Tax Benefit

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
(a) Reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to accounting loss at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the company's effective income tax rate:		
Accounting (profit)/loss before tax from continuing operations	782,641	143,815
At the statutory income tax rate of 30% (2024: 30%)	(234,792)	(43,144)
Permanent differences	76,573	42,275
Movement in temporary differences	1,200	10,635
Movement in tax losses not brought to account	157,019	(9,766)
Income tax expense	-	-
Effective income tax rate	0%	0%

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
(b) Tax balances not brought to account. Deferred tax assets (tax losses) comprise of:		
Tax losses not brought to account	10,080,526	9,557,129
Potential deferred tax asset (tax losses) not brought to account	3,024,158	2,867,139

Potential deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses have not been brought to account at 30 June 2025 because the Directors do not believe it is appropriate to regard realisation of the deferred tax assets as probable at this point in time. These benefits will only be obtained if:

- I. the Group derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the loss to be realised;
- II. the Group continues to comply with conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- III. no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Group in realising the benefit from the deductions for the loss.

Note 4 Key Management Personnel Compensation

Name and position held of key management personnel in office at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Brian Rodan	Executive Chairman (resigned 11 August 2025)
Jonathon Edwards	Executive Director
David Nixon	Non-Executive Director (resigned 7 February 2025)
Adam Taylor	Non-Executive Director (resigned 18 August 2025)
James Pearse	Non-Executive Director (appointed 11 August 2025, resigned 12 August 2025)

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits (cash & deferred)	-	-
	-	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 4 Key Management Personnel Compensation (continued)

a. Shareholdings

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by the key management personnel of Summit Gold Limited, including their related parties is set out below:

	Balance at 1 July 2024	Received as Compensation	Other net changes	Balance at 30 June 2025
Directors:				
Brian Rodan	12,022,234 ¹	-	-	12,022,234 ¹
Jonathon Edwards	11,659,326	-	-	11,659,326
David Nixon	-	-	-	-
Adam Taylor	2,937,000	-	-	2,937,000

1. The balance includes 500,000 shares held by Ms Bronwyn Bergin, Mr Rodan's spouse.

Note 5 Auditor's Remuneration

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:		
- auditing or reviewing the financial statements	20,000	13,700
- other services	-	-
	20,000	13,700

Note 6 Cash and cash equivalents

Current

Cash at bank and on hand	41,950	5,248
	41,950	5,248

Note 7 Trade and other receivable

Current

Unsecured

GST receivable	8,974	9,108
	8,974	9,108

Note 8 Property, plant and equipment

Current

Plant & equipment – cost	40,000	40,000
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(17,852)	(13,852)
Total	22,148	26,148

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and equipment	Total
	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of year	26,148	26,148
Additions	-	-
Depreciation expense	(4,000)	(4,000)
Closing Balance at the 30 June 2025	22,148	22,148

Note 9 Trade and Other Payables

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade Payables - Australia	59,661	922
Trade Payables - PNG	3,298,314	3,753,042
Total	3,357,975	3,753,964

Trade Payables – PNG totalling approx. \$3.3M are creditors recognised in its subsidiary company, Summit Development Limited (SDL). These are pre DOCA creditors, for which Summit has no obligation for payment. Summit has previously advised that subject to grant of a new exploration licence for Mt Kare on terms and conditions acceptable to Summit that these Creditors of SDL will be paid in full

Note 10 Borrowings

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Current		
Loan from Directors	464,250	-
Total	464,250	-

Loans from Directors represents amounts contributed by current, or past, Directors of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2025. All amounts have been repaid in full. or settled via the issuance of shares, during the 2026 financial year. All loans are interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11 Issued Capital

a. Ordinary Shares

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	No.	No.	\$	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	68,742,122	58,342,122	136,747,703	136,017,703
Movements in ordinary shares on issue:				
Balance at beginning of year	58,342,122	48,059,021	136,017,703	135,562,923
17.01.2024 - Issue of shares ⁱ	-	6,037,500	-	242,500
26.02.2024 - Issue of shares ⁱⁱ	-	171,800	-	8,590
12.03.2024 - Issue of shares ⁱⁱⁱ	-	2,653,801	-	132,690
30.06.2024 - Issue of shares ⁱⁱⁱ	-	1,420,000	-	71,000
04.12.2024 - Issue of shares ^{iv}	4,900,000	-	245,000	-
19.12.2024 - Issue of shares ^v	500,000	-	25,000	-
10.06.2025 - Issue of shares ^{vi}	2,000,000	-	100,000	-
30.06.2025 - Issue of shares ^{vii}	3,000,000	-	150,000	-
	68,742,122	58,342,122	136,537,703	136,017,703

Shares of the company have been issued in accordance with the table above on the following basis:

- i. 6,037,500 shares were issued as part of a placement at an issue price of \$0.05 per share to sophisticated and professional investors.
- ii. 171,800 shares at an issue price of \$0.05 per share were issued in lieu of services provided by Achievement Nominees Pty Ltd.
- iii. 4,073,801 shares at an issue price of \$0.05 per share were issued in lieu of amounts owing to related parties.
- iv. 4,900,000 shares were issued as part of a placement at an issue price of \$0.05 per share to sophisticated and professional investors.
- v. 500,000 shares were issued as part of a placement at an issue price of \$0.05 per share to sophisticated and professional investors.
- vi. 2,000,000 shares were issued as part of a placement at an issue price of \$0.05 per share to sophisticated and professional investors.
- vii. 3,000,000 shares were issued as part of a placement at an issue price of \$0.05 per share to sophisticated and professional investors.

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

At the shareholders' meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11 Issued Capital (continued)

b. Capital Management

Management manages the Group's capital by assessing the Group's cash flow and capital requirements and responding to those needs. These responses include management of capital projects, acquisition of mineral licences and reduction of expenditure.

Note 12 Reserves and Accumulated Losses

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
a) Reserves	\$	\$
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,964,482	5,737,534
Total Reserves	5,964,482	5,737,534

Foreign currency translation reserve

Movements

At the beginning of the year	5,737,534	5,383,126
Currency translation differences arising during the year	226,948	354,408
Balance at the end of the financial year	5,964,482	5,737,534

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of a foreign controlled subsidiary.

b) Accumulated Losses

Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the year	(145,468,697)	(145,324,882)
Net loss attributable to members of Summit Gold Limited	(782,641)	(143,815)
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	(146,251,338)	(145,468,697)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 13 Parent Entity Disclosures

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards.

a. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(782,641)	(143,815)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss)	(782,641)	(143,815)

b. Statement of Financial Position

Current Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	41,950	5,248
Trade and other receivables	8,974	9,108
Total Current Assets	50,924	14,356

Non-current Assets

Plant and Equipment	22,148	26,148
Total Non-current Assets	22,148	26,148

Total Assets	73,072	40,504
---------------------	---------------	---------------

Liabilities

Trade and other payables	59,661	922
Borrowings	464,250	-
Total Liabilities	523,911	922

Net assets / (liabilities)	(450,839)	39,582
-----------------------------------	------------------	---------------

Equity

Issued capital	136,537,703	136,017,703
Accumulated losses	(136,988,542)	(135,978,121)
Total Equity	(450,839)	39,582

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 14 Cash Flow Information

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax		
Profit/(Loss) after income tax	(782,641)	(143,815)
Non-cash flows in profit		
Depreciation	4,000	4,000
Foreign exchange	226,948	354,408
Conversion of debt to equity ¹	-	106,280
Debts forgiven	(301,432)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	134	37,911
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other creditors	(94,557)	(668,338)
Net cash flow used in operating activities	(947,548)	(309,554)

1. Shares were issued during the 2024 year as consideration for expenses paid on behalf of the group. Refer to Note 11 Issued Capital for details.

Note 15 Related Party Transactions

a) The Group's main related parties are as follows:

i. Entities exercising control over the Group:

The ultimate parent entity, which exercises control over the Group, is Summit Gold Limited, which is incorporated in Australia.

ii. Key management personnel:

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity, are considered key management personnel.

iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Group:

An entity which has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.

iv. Other related parties:

Other related parties include entities controlled by the ultimate parent entity and entities over which key management personnel exercise significant influence.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 15 Related Party Transactions (continued)

b) Transactions with related parties:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
MCA Nominees Pty Ltd:		
MCA Nominees Pty Ltd, a business controlled by Mr Brian Rodan, provided funding in the form of a short-term loan associated with the continuing operations of the Group.		
- Loans forgiven during the year	-	(106,100)
- Loan provided during the year	185,000	-
Amounts outstanding at the end of the period	185,000	-
Mine Maintenance Management Pty Ltd:		
Mine Maintenance Management Pty Ltd, an investment entity controlled by Mr Jonathon Edwards, provided funding in the form of a short-term loan associated with the continuing operations of the Group.		
- Loan provided during the year	219,250	-
Amounts outstanding at the end of the period	219,250	-
TC Drainage (WA) Pty Ltd:		
TC Drainage (WA) Pty Ltd, an investment entity controlled by Mr Adam Taylor, provided funding in the form of a short-term loan associated with the continuing operations of the Group.		
- Loan provided during the year	60,000	-
Amounts outstanding at the end of the period	60,000	-

Further information regarding the above loans can be found at Note 10 Borrowings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 16 Operating Segments

a. Identification of reportable segments

During the year the Group operated predominantly in one business segment, being gold and silver mining exploration. Geographically the Group operates exclusively in one geographical segment, being Asia Pacific, with an office maintained in Australia. Segment results are classified in accordance with their use within geographic segments.

b. Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

- I. Accounting policies adopted
Unless stated otherwise, all amounts reported to the Board of Directors, being the chief decision maker with respect to operating segments, are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent to those adopted in the annual financial statements of the Group.
- II. Inter-segment transactions
Inter-segment loans payable and receivable are initially recognised at the consideration received/to be received, net of transaction costs. If inter-segment loans receivable and payable are not on commercial terms, these are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates. This policy represents a departure from that applied to the statutory financial statements.
- III. Segment assets
Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to the segment that receives the majority of economic value from that asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.
- IV. Segment liabilities
Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is a direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.
- V. Unallocated items
The following items of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:
 - Impairment of assets and other non-recurring items of revenue or expense
 - Income tax expense
 - Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 16 Operating Segments (continued)

	Australia	Papua New Guinea	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2025			
Revenue			
Other income	394	-	394
Debts Forgiven	-	301,432	301,432
Total segment revenue	394	301,432	301,826
Results			
Operating Profit/(loss) before income tax	(530,008)	(252,633)	(782,641)
Income tax expense	-	-	-
Net Profit/(loss)	(530,008)	(252,633)	(782,641)
Included within segment results	(530,008)	(252,633)	(782,641)
Segment assets	73,072	-	73,072
Segment liabilities	523,911	3,298,314	3,822,225
2024	\$	\$	\$
Revenue			
Other income	181	-	181
Debts Forgiven	272,682	-	272,682
Total segment revenue	272,863	-	272,863
Results			
Operating Profit/(loss) before income tax	(2,897)	(140,918)	(143,815)
Income tax expense	-	-	-
Net Profit/(loss)	(2,897)	(140,918)	(143,815)
Included within segment results	(2,897)	(140,918)	(143,815)
Segment assets	40,504	-	40,504
Segment liabilities	922	3,753,042	3,753,964

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 17 Interest in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost. The subsidiary's country of incorporation is also its principal place of business:

Subsidiaries of Summit Gold Limited	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned	
		2025	2024
A.C.N. 648 929 659 Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Summit Development Limited	Papua New Guinea	100%	100%
Positive Developments Limited	Papua New Guinea	100%	100%

Note 18 Commitments and Contingencies

Summit has a commitment to settle the cost order resulting from the Judicial Review and subsequent Appeal relating to the non-renewal of Summit's licence for an amount \$35,568 (PGK96,000). This amount was fully settled in October 2025.

There are no additional contingent liabilities that have been incurred by, or made aware of, by the company. While the directors are aware of a potential claim against the company that pre-dates 2015, the matter is not material and no claim has ever been made against the company or its directors in respect of the matter.

Note 19 Events subsequent to reporting date

Mr Brian Rodan and Mr Adam Taylor resigned as Directors of the Company on 11 August 2025 and 18 August 2025 respectively. Mr James Pearse was appointed as a Director of the Company on 11 August 2025 and resigned on 12 August 2025. Mr Sebastian Andre resigned on 18 August 2025 as Company Secretary.

Mr Damian Hicks and Ms Mindy Ku were appointed joint Company Secretaries on 19 August 2025.

A letter of demand was sent by the sole director of Summit on 19 August 2025 to Augustus Minerals Ltd ('Augustus') in relation to intellectual property and confidential information that is owned by Summit but in the possession of Mr Brian Rodan, a Director of Augustus. Augustus has confirmed that it will not use or disclose the intellectual property and confidential information. Unless Augustus breaches these undertakings then this matter is at an end.

Loan amounts owing at year end to Jonathan Edwards have been settled in full after year end via the issuance of shares in the Company. See Note 10 for further details.

No matters or circumstances, aside from the above, have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Note 20 Company Details

The registered office of the company and principal place of business is:

Address: Summit Gold Limited
Level 12, 197 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement

Name of entity	Type of entity	Trustee, partner, participant or JV	% share capital ownership	Country of incorporation	Tax residency
A.C.N. 648 929 659 Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	100	Australia	Australian
Summit Development Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	100	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea
Positive Developments Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	100	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea

Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Summit Gold Limited, the directors of the Company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 11 to 35, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001(Cth) and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company and Consolidated Group.
2. The consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
3. In the Directors' opinion, for the reasons provided in Note 1(a) to these financial statements, there are reasonable grounds to believe the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

JONATHON EDWARDS

Executive Director

Dated this 16th day of October 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUMMIT GOLD LIMITED

Opinion

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Summit Gold Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Consolidated Entity"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the director's declaration.

In our opinion:

- a. the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1a in the financial report which indicates that the Consolidated Entity incurred a net loss of \$782,641 during the year ended 30 June 2025. As stated in Note 1a, these events or conditions, along with other matters, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in this respect of this matter.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated Entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the remuneration report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Consolidated Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD



MICHAEL HILLGROVE CA
Director

Dated this 16th day of October 2025
Perth, Western Australia